

To all to whom these presents shall come. Greeting:

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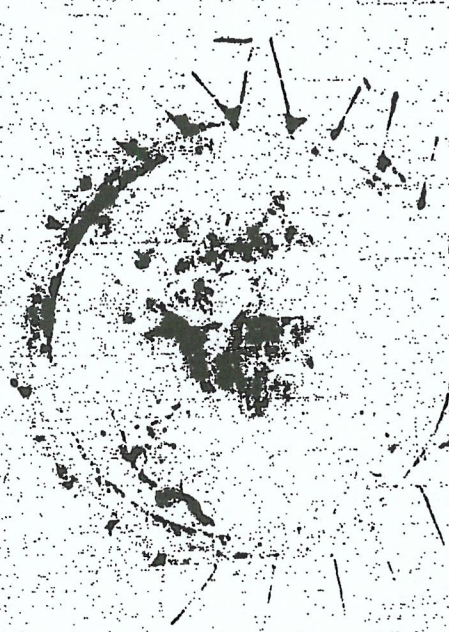
*between the ...
 nation of indians, was made and concluded
 ed on the second day of the month of
 July last, and whereas I have, by and
 with the advice and consent of the Senate
 in due form, ratified the said treaty: Now,
 to the end that the same be observed and
 performed with good faith on the part
 of the United States, I have ordered the
 said treaty to be herewith published, and
 I do hereby enjoin and require all officers
 of the United States, civil and military,
 and all other citizens, and inhabitants
 thereof*

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation.

Whereas a treaty of peace and friendship, between the United States and the Cherokee nation of Indians, was made and concluded on the second day of the month of July last, and whereas I have, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate in due form, ratified the said treaty: Now, to the end that the same be observed and performed with good faith on the part of the United States, I have ordered the said treaty to be herewith published, and I do hereby enjoin and require all officers of the United States, civil and military, and all other citizens, and inhabitants thereof

thereof, to govern themselves according to
the said treaty, as they will answer the
contrary at their peril.

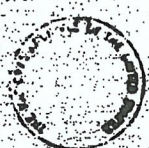


Given under my hand, and
the seal of the United States,
in the city of Philadelphia, this
eleventh day of November, in the
year of our Lord one thousand
seven hundred and ninety one,
and in the sixteenth year of
the sovereignty and independence
of the United States.

G. Washington

By the President

T. Jefferson



George Washington,

President of the United States of America.

To all to whom these presents shall
come, Greeting:

Whereas a treaty of peace and
friendship between the United States of
America and the Cherokee Nation of Indians,
was made and concluded on the second day
of the month of July last, by William
Blount, Governor in and over the territory
of the United States, south of the River Ohio, &
Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the
Southern District, who was duly authorized

therein,

thereto, on the one part, and the Chiefs
and Warriors of Gherakce Nation whose
names are hereunto signed, on the other
part, - which Treaty is in the form and
words following:



~~Treaty between the
United States
and the Cherokee
2^d July 1791.~~

A Treaty of Peace and Friendship made and concluded between the President of the United States of America on the part and behalf of the said States, and the undersigned Chiefs and Warriors of the Cherokee Nation of Indians, on the part and behalf of the said Nation.

The parties being desirous of establishing permanent peace and friendship between the United States and the said Cherokee Nation, and the citizens and members thereof, and to remove the causes of war, by ascertaining their Limits, and making other necessary, just and friendly arrangements: The President of the United States by William Blount Governor of the Territory of the United States of America south of the river Ohio and Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Southern District, who is vested with full powers for these purposes, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States and the Cherokee Nation by the undersigned Chiefs and Warriors representing the said Nation, have agreed to the following articles, namely.

Article 1.

There shall be perpetual peace and friendship between all the citizens of the United States of America, and all the individuals composing the whole

whole Cherokee Nation of Indians.

Article 2.

The undersigned Chiefs and Warriors for themselves and all parts of the Cherokee Nation, do acknowledge themselves and the said Cherokee Nation to be under the protection of the United States of America, and of no other sovereign whatsoever; and they also stipulate that the said Cherokee Nation will not hold any treaty with any foreign power, individual State, or with individual of any State.

Article 3.

The Cherokee Nation shall deliver to the Governor of the Territory of the United States of America south of the river Ohio, on or before the first day of April next at this place all persons who are now prisoners captured by them from any part of the United States: And the United States shall on or before the same day and at the same place restore to the Cherokees all the prisoners now in captivity which the citizens of the United States have captured from them.

Article 4.

The boundary between the citizens of the United States and the Cherokee Nation is and shall be as follow— Beginning at the top of the Currahee mountain where the Creek line passes it— Thence a direct line to Tugelo river— thence north to the Occurna mountain and over the same along the South Carolina indian boundary to the north-Carolina boundary thence north to a point from which a line is to be extended



the river Clinch, that shall pass the Holston at the ridge which divides the waters running into Little River from those running into the Tennessee - Thence up the river Clinch to Campbell's line and along the same, to the top of Cumberland mountain - thence a direct line to the Cumberland River where the Kentucky road crosses it - thence down the Cumberland River to a point from which a south west line will strike the ridge which divides the waters of Cumberland from those of Duck River forty miles above Nashville - thence down the said ridge to a point from whence a south west line will strike the mouth of Duck River.

And in order to preclude forever all disputes relative to the said boundary the same shall be ascertained and marked plainly by three persons appointed on the part of the United States and three Cherokees on the part of their nation.

And in order to extinguish forever all claims of the Cherokee Nation or any part thereof to any of the land lying to the right of the line above described, beginning as aforesaid at the Currahee mountain, it is hereby agreed that in addition to the consideration heretofore made for the said land the United States will cause certain valuable goods to be immediately delivered to the undersigned Chiefs and Warriors for the use of their nation, and the said United States will also cause the sum of one thousand Dollars to be paid annually to
the

the said Cherokee Nation - And the undersigned, Chiefs and Warriors do hereby for themselves and the whole Cherokee Nation their heirs and descendants for the considerations above mentioned Release, quit claim relinquish and cede all the land to the right of the line described and beginning as aforesaid.

Article 5.

It is stipulated and agreed that the citizens and inhabitants of the United States shall have a free and unobstructed use of a road from Washington District to Muscogee District, and of the navigation of the Tennessee River.

Article 6.

It is agreed on the part of the Cherokees that the United States shall have the sole and exclusive right of regulating their trade.

Article 7.

The United States solemnly guarantee to the Cherokee nation, all their lands not hereby ceded.

Article 8.

If any citizen of the United States, or other person not being an Indian, shall settle on any of the Cherokee lands, such person shall forfeit the protection of the United States, and the Cherokees may punish him, or not, as they please.

Article 9.

No citizen or inhabitant of the United States, shall attempt to hunt or destroy the game on the lands of the Cherokees - nor shall any citizen or inhabitant go into the Cherokee Country, without a passport first obtained from the Governor of some one of the United States, or territorial



rial districts, or such other person as the President of the United States may from time to time authorize to grant the same.

Article 10.

If any Cherokee indian, or indians, or person residing among them, or who shall take refuge in their nation shall steal a horse from, or commit a robbery or murder or other capital crime on any citizens or inhabitants of the United States. The Cherokee Nation shall be bound to deliver him or them up to be punished according to the laws of the United States.

Article 11.

If any citizen or inhabitant of the United States or of either of the territorial Districts of the United States, shall go into any town settlement or territory belonging to the Cherokees, and shall there commit any crime upon, or trespass against the person or property of any peaceable and friendly indian or indians, which if committed within the jurisdiction of any State, or within the jurisdiction of either of the said districts, against a citizen or white inhabitant thereof, would be punishable by the laws of such State or district. Such offences or offenders shall be subject to the same punishment, and shall be proceeded against in the same manner as if the offence had been committed within the jurisdiction

jurisdiction of the State or district to which he or they may belong, against a citizen or white inhabitant thereof.

Article 12.

In case of violence on the persons or property of the individuals of either party—neither retaliation or reprisal shall be committed by the other—until satisfaction shall have been demanded of the party of which the aggressor is, and shall have been refused.

Article 13.

The Cherokee shall give notice to the citizens of the United States, of any designs which they may know or suspect to be formed in any neighbouring tribe, or by any person whatever, against the peace and interest of the United States.

Article 14.

That the Cherokee nation may be led to a greater degree of civilisation, and to become Husbandmen and cultivators, instead of remaining in a state of hunters, the United States will from time to time furnish gratuitously the said nation with useful implements of husbandry. And further to assist the said nation in so desirable a pursuit, and at the same time to establish a certain mode of communication, the United States will send such and so many persons to reside in said nation as they may judge proper not exceeding four in number, who shall qualify themselves to act

as interpreters. These persons shall have lands assigned by the Cherokees for cultivation for themselves and their successors in office. But they shall be precluded from carrying any kind of Traffic.

Article 15.

All animosities for past grievances shall henceforth cease, and the contracting parties will carry the foregoing treaty into full execution with all good faith and sincerity.

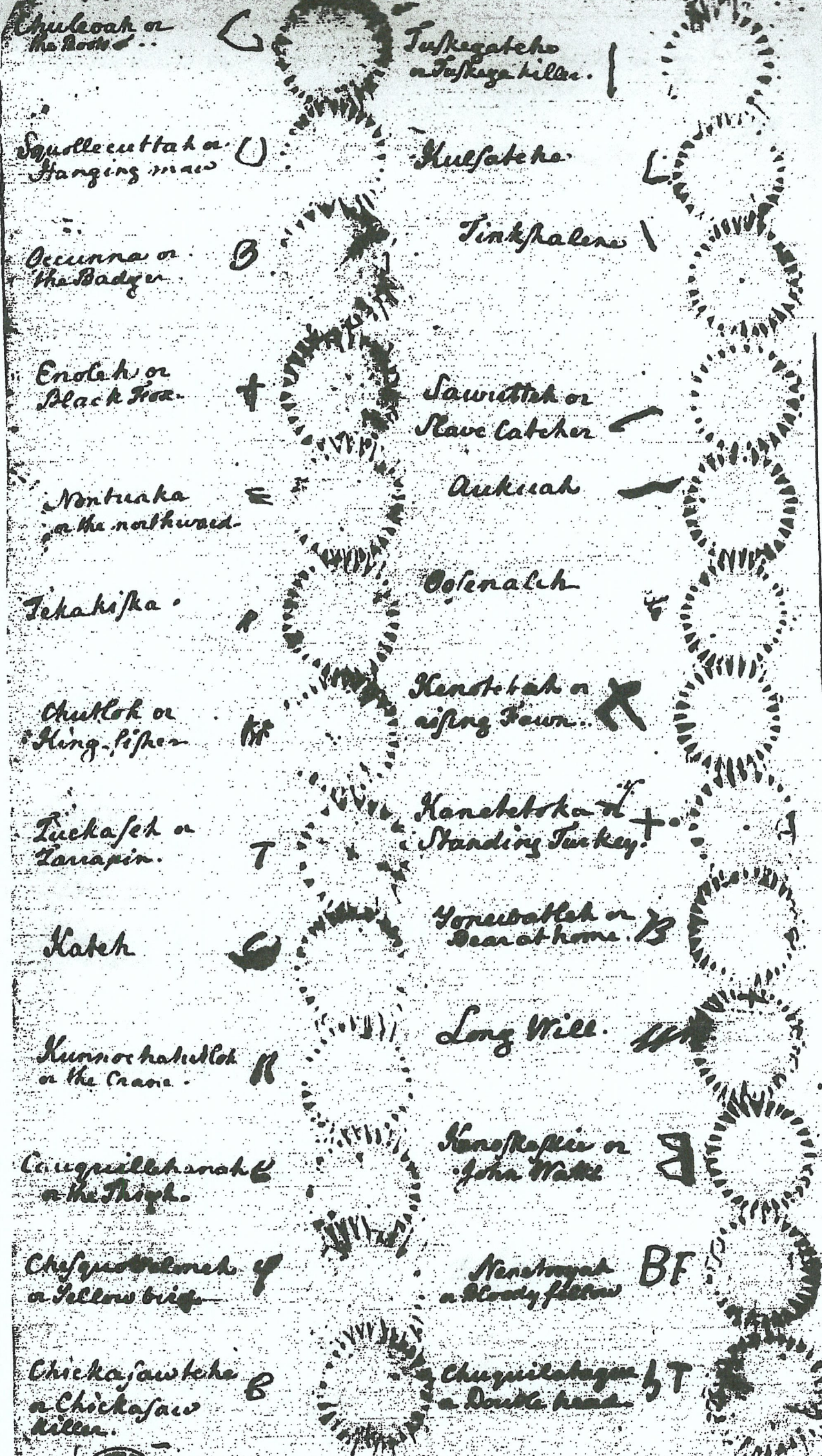
Article 16.

This treaty shall take effect and be obligatory on the contracting parties, as soon as the same shall have been ratified by the President of the United States with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States.

In witness of all and every thing herein determined between the United States of America, and the whole Cherokee nation, the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals, at the Treaty ground, on the bank of the Holston near the mouth of the French Broad within the United States this second day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

Wm. Doakt

Governor in and
over the Territory of the United
States of America and of the
River and by the President
of the United States for the



Chuleoah or the Dove C

Tuskegatcho or Tuskega killer I

Squollecuttah or Hanging man U

Mulsatche L

Occinna or the Badger B

Tinkshalene V

Enoleh or Black Fox +

Sawittah or Slave catcher ←

Montuaka or the northward ≡

Aukisak →

Tekahiska R

Osonalch W

Chuklok or King-fisher K

Kenstetah or rising Town X

Tuckasah or Tarapin T

Kanetotska or Standing Turkey +

Katch C

Yonebattel or Bear at home B

Kunnochahulloh or the Crane H

Long Will. W

Cauquillehanah or the Thief E

Kanostaple or John Wattle B

Chesquidimch or Yellow bird F

Nenstoyah or bloody fellow BF

Chickasawtehe or Chickasaw killer B

Chuquiltahagan or Double head T



Shoagwah or
Big acorn

BA

Taloh teke or
upsettee.

Toowayelloh or
Red Hunter

Cheekoneke or
otter lifter

Talle onoyehka
or middle Steiker.

Neshukaune or
the reigns.

Kinac/sak or
Cabin

Toonaunailoh

Tullotche or
hook killer

Teeftche or
common distrustor

Kaaloufke or
Boat Still

Robin M'Clump

Kulfathe

Skijuka

Augustague
the little Turkey's son

A

John Thompson interpreter

James Borg interpreter

Done in presence of

Dan Smith, Secretary of the Territory of the
United States South of the river Ohio

Wm. Kennedy of Kentucky

W. Robertson of Ohio District

Chauncey Watkins of Virginia

Jos. M. Martin of Georgia

Francis of Georgia Titus Ogden N. Carolina

John Chisler of Washington District

John Hogg of Ohio

Now know Ye, that Showing
seen and considered the said Treaty, do
by and with the advice and consent of
the Senate of the United States, Accept,
Ratify and Confirm the same, and
every article and clause thereof - In
Testimony whereof, I have caused the
said

. And of the United States to be hereunto af-
fixed, and signed the same with my hand.

Given in the City of Philadelphia
plus the Eleventh day of No-
vember, in the Year of our Lord
One thousand seven hundred
and Ninety-one; and in the
Sixteenth Year of the Sovereign-
ty and Independence of the
United States.

J. Washington

By the President

J. Adams

Additional Article to
the Treaty made between
the U.S. and certain Chiefs
of the Cherokee nation of Indians
2nd July 1791 - concluded 17. Feb. 1792.

#18



George Washington President of the
United States of America.

To all who shall see these presents Greeting:

Whereas an additional article was proposed with
the Cherokee Nation of Indians against with the advice and
consent of the Senate of the United States, which additional arti-
cle is in the words following to wit:

Additional/

*Additional Article to the
Treaty, made between the United States
and the Cherokees on the second day of July
one thousand seven hundred and ninety one*

*It is hereby mutually agreed between
Henry Knox, Secretary of War duly authorized
thereto in behalf of the United States on the one
part, and the under signed Chiefs and Warriors
in behalf of themselves and the Cherokee Nation
on the other part, that the following article shall be
added to and considered as part of the treaty made
between the United States and the said Cherokee Nation
on the second day of July one thousand seven hundred
and ninety one: to wit,*

*The sum to be paid annually by the
United States to the Cherokee Nation of Indians,
in consideration of the relinquishment of Lands
as stated in the treaty made with them on the
second day of July one thousand seven hundred
and ninety one, shall be one thousand five hundred
dollars*

dollars, instead of one thousand dollars men-
tioned in the said Treaty.

In Testimony whereof the said
Henry Knox Secretary of War and the said
chiefs and Warriors of the Cherokee Nation
have hereunto set their hands and seals in
the City of Philadelphia this Seventeenth day
of February in the Year of our Lord one thou-
sand seven hundred and ninety two

Attest
or Seal

In the presence of
Thomas Paine

James Oglethorpe

and others

James Oglethorpe
from Antiquity to the
Cherokee Nation

Shagwa
Nontouch

or bless
or Blessing

Nontuaka

at the mouth of

Shutlon

at the mouth of

Katigoflah

at the point

Teepchi

at the point

Snake

at the point

Know ye

that I having seen and
considered the said additional Article do accept, ratify and
confirm the same. In Testimony whereof I have caused
the Seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed and signed the
same with my hand.

(L.S.)

Given at the City of Washington this seventeenth
day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand
seven hundred and ninety two and in the sixteenth
Year of the Sovereignty and Independence of the
United States.

George Washington

By the President

W. M. W.

Proclamation

*By the President offering a
reward for persons who burnt
a town of the Cherokee Indians
signed 12 December 1792.*

By the
President of the United States of America.
A proclamation.

Whereas I have received authentic information, that certain lawless and wicked persons of the Western Frontier, in the State of Georgia, did lately invade, burn and destroy a town, belonging to the Cherokee Nation, altho' in amity with the United States, and put to death several Indians of that Nation; and whereas, such outrageous conduct, not only violates the rights of humanity, but also endangers the public peace; and it highly becomes the honor and good faith of the United States, to pursue all legal means for the punishment of those atrocious offenders; I have therefore thought fit to issue this my proclamation; hereby exhorting all the citizens of the United States, and requiring all the officers thereof, according to their respective stations, to use their utmost endeavours, to apprehend and bring those offenders to justice. And I do moreover offer a reward of five hundred dollars, for each and every of them ~~who~~ who shall be so apprehended and brought to justice, and shall be proved to have assumed or exercised any command or authority among the perpetrators of the crimes aforesaid, at the time of committing the same.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents, and signed the same with my hand. Done at the City of Philadelphia, the twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety two, and of the Independence of the United States the seventeenth.

George Washington
By the President
Thomas Jefferson